MEM 103 Unit 1

SHAPES AND SOME COMMON METHODS OF PRODUCTION

Shape or feature	Production method
Flat surfaces	Rolling, planing, broaching, milling, shaping, grinding
Parts with cavities	End milling, electrical-discharge machining, electrochemical machining,
	ultrasonic machining, casting
Parts with sharp features	Permanent-mold casting, machining, grinding, fabricating, powder metallurgy
Thin hollow shapes	Slush casting, electroforming, fabricating
Tubular shapes	Extrusion, drawing, roll forming, spinning, centrifugal casting
Tubular parts	Rubber forming, expanding with hydraulic pressure, explosive forming,
	spinning
Curvature on thin sheets	Stretch forming, peen forming, fabricating, assembly
Openings in thin sheets	Blanking, chemical blanking, photochemical blanking
Cross-sections	Drawing, extrusion, shaving, turning, centerless grinding
Square edges	Fine blanking, machining, shaving, belt grinding
Small holes	Laser, electrical-discharge machining, electrochemical machining
Surface textures	Knurling, wire brushing, grinding, belt grinding, shot blasting, etching,
	deposition, laser texturing
Detailed surface features	Coining, investment casting, permanent-mold casting, machining
Threaded parts	Thread cutting, thread rolling, thread grinding, chasing
Very large parts	Casting, forging, fabricating, assembly
Very small parts	Investment casting, machining, etching, powder metallurgy, nanofabrication,
	LIGA, micromachining